

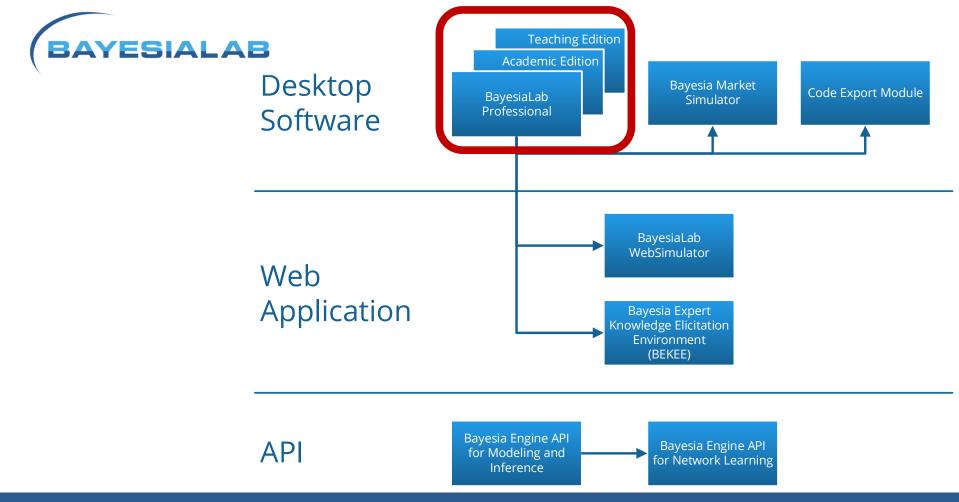
BAYESIALAB

Reasoning Under Uncertainty: Differential Diagnosis of Diseases March 20, 2020



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Today's Agenda

Introduction

Webinar Series: Reasoning Under Uncertainty

- Part 1: Differential Diagnosis of Diseases
- Part 2: Temporal Modeling of an Epidemic
- Part 3: "Test and Treat" vs. Presumptive Treatment

Motivation

Probabilistic Reasoning with Bayesian Networks

- Diagnostic Reasoning
- Differential Diagnosis of Lung Diseases



Slides and Screen Recording: forum.bayesia.us



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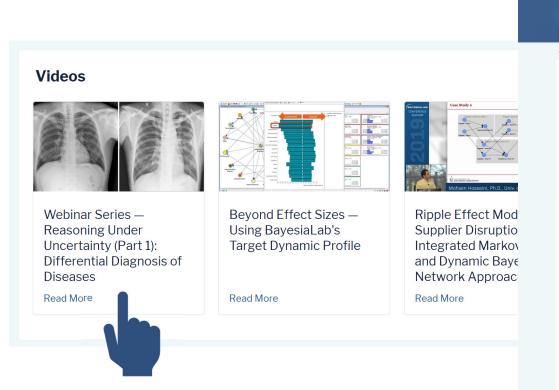
UPCOMING EVENTS

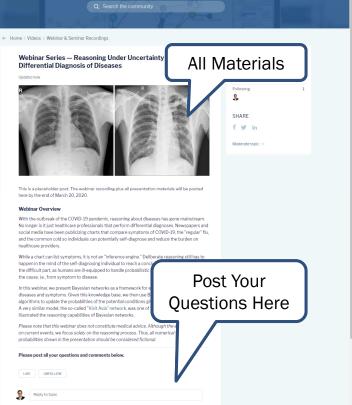
3-Day Introductory Course (Lives... Wed May 6 - Fri May 8 Online

3-Day Introductory Course in Sea...

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+ □ 🧘 Stefan Conrady ~ ≡

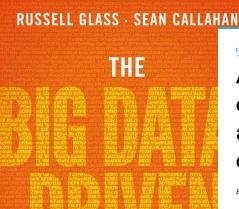
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Warning

- The medical, healthcare, and health policy topics presented in this webinar are strictly for methodological illustration purposes.
- No medical advice is provided.
- No part of this seminar should be interpreted as a research finding or policy recommendation.
- All numerical values shown throughout the presentation should be considered fictional.





MAKING

DATA-DRIVEI

DECISIONS

DATA-DRIVEN HEALTHCA FIRST OPINION

A fiasco in the making? As the coronavirus pandemic takes hold, we are making decisions without reliable data

By JOHN P.A. IOANNIDIS / MARCH 17, 2020



A nurse holds swabs and a test tube to test people for Covid-19 at a drive-through station set up in the parking lot of the Beaumont Hospital in Royal Oak, Mich.

PAUL SANCYA/A



view

Driven Care

a flood of molecular, oral patient information. licine better?

CONTENTS

The Big Question

More Phones, Fewer Doctors

IBM Aims to Make Medical Expertise a Commodity

23andMe Tries to Woo the FDA

Mobile Health Monitoring Devices

•

Mobile Health's Growing Pains

Plus: C8's Crash, Data in Action at Mayo, Pharma's new transparency, and more

The Big Question

Can Technology Fix Medicine?

Medical data is a hot spot for venture investing and product innovation. The goal: better care.





COVID-19 Symptoms





Symptoms may appear 2-14 days after exposure

Symptoms of COVID-19

(2019 Novel Coronavirus)





Cough

Shortness of Breath

Do I have COVID-19, the flu or a cold?

	767		
	COVID-19	Cold	
SORE THROAT	Sometimes		
COUGH	Common		
SMEEZING.	_		
FEVER	Common		
BODY ACHES	Sometimes		
THEOMESS	Sometimes		
HEADACHE	_		
BUNNY/STUFFY NOSE			
NAUSEA	_		
HORTNESS OF BREATH	In severe cases		

COVID-19 vs Influenza vs Allergies

- Fever · Cough
- · Shortness of
- breath
- Symptoms 2-14
- days after exposure

- Fever
- · Cough
- Sore throat
- · Head/body aches
- Runny/stuffy nose
 - Fatigue

- Sneezing
 - Coughing
 - Runny nose
 - Scratchy throat

 - Itchy, red, or watery eyes

UNSURE? CONTACT YOUR HEALTH PROVIDER BY PHONE OR ONLINE





COVID-19 SYMPTOMS & WARNING SIGNS

- COUGH
- PERSISTENT PAIN OR CHEST PRESSURE* . BLUISH LIPS OR FACE



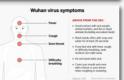
FIVE SYMPTOMS OF COVID 19

COVID-19 compared to other common conditions

SYMPTOM	COVID-19	COLD	FLU	ALLERGIES
Fever	Common	Rare	Common	Sometimes
Dry cough	Common	Mild	Common	Sometimes
Shortness of breath	Common	No	No	Common
Headaches	Sometimes	Rare	Common	Sometimes
Aches and pains	Sometimes	Common	Common	No
Sore throat	Sometimes	Common	Common	No
Fatigue	Sometimes	Sometimes	Common	Sometimes
Diarrhea	Rare	No	Sometimes*	No
Runny nose	Rare	Common	Sometimes	Common
Sneezing	No	Common	No	Common



Symp	ptoms	Coronavirus	Cold	Flu	
9	Fever	Common	Rare	Common	
	Fatigue	Sometimes	Sometimes	Common	
Ō	Cough	Common* (usually dry)	Mild	Convinon* (usually dry)	
O	Sneezing	No	Common	No	
Ō	Aches and pains	Sometimes	Common	Common	
0	Runny or stuffy nose	Rare	Common	Sametimes	
O	Sore throat	Sometimes	Common	Sometimes	
0	Diarrhea	Rare	No	Sometimes for children	
O	Headaches	Sometimes	Rare	Common	
0	Shortness	Sometimes	No	No	



FEVER		87.9%
DRY COUGH		67.7%
FATIGUE	38.1%	
PUTUM PRODUCTION	33.4%	
HORTNESS OF BREATH	18.6%	
NUSCLE OR JOINT PAIN	14.8%	
SORE THROAT	13.9%	
HEADACHE	13.6%	
OHILLS	11.4%	
KAUSEA OR VOMITING	5%	-
NASAL CONGESTION	4.8%	CRISIS
DIARRHOEA	3.7%	1

SYMPTOMS	COVID-19	INFLUENZA	COLD
Dry Cough	+++	+++	+
Fever		+++	
Stuffy nose		++	
Sore Throat	++	++	
Shortness of breath	++		
Headache		+++	
Body Aches	++	+++	
Sneezing			+++
Exhaustion	++		++
Diarrhea		++	

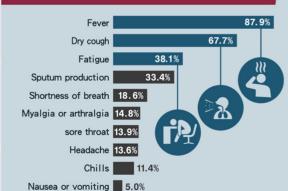








Typical symptoms of COVID-19



Nasal congestion 4.8%

Conjunctival congestion | 0.8%

Diarrhea 3.7%

Hemoptysis | 0.9%

Source: Report of the WHO-China Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Based on 55924 laboratory confirmed cases as of Feb. 20, 2020

CNA graphic





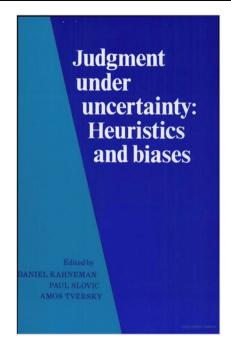


Fictional Example



Human Reasoning Experiment*

- A new and serious infectious disease appears in a population.
- At this time, the prevalence of infection is believed to be 0.1%.
- A test is available to detect the infection long before any symptoms appear. This test has a
 - sensitivity of 99.9% and a
 - specificity of 99.9%.
- As a disease control measure, you are tested for the disease.



*adapted from Kahneman & Tversky, 1980





Are you infected?

- Prevalence of infection in population: 0.1%
- Test Performance:
 - Sensitivity: 99.9%
 - Specificity: 99.9%
- The test results come back, and you are positive.



Are you infected?

- More specifically, what is your probability of being infected?
 - P(Infection=true | Test=positive)=99.9%
 - P(Infection=false | Test=negative)=99.9%
 - P(Infection=true | Test=negative)=0.1%
 - P(Infection=false | Test=positive)=0.1%

SO, WHY DO YOU EVEN ASK?

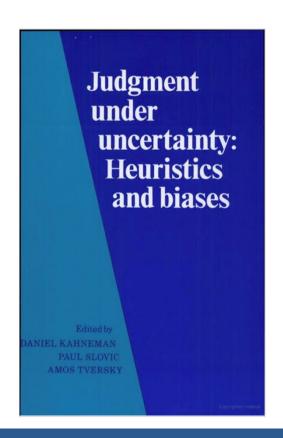


Your probability of being infected is...

50/50

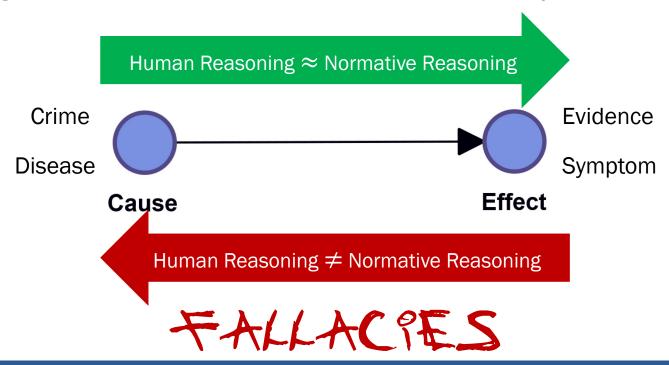








Human Cognitive Limitations and Biases Under Uncertainty



Rev. Thomas Bayes

Bayes' Theorem for Conditional Probabilities

H: Hypothesis

E: Evidence

$$P(H \mid E) = \frac{P(E \mid H)P(H)}{P(E)}$$

"Probability of the Hypothesis given the Evidence"



J. Bayes.

1763 PHILOSOPHICAL TRANSACTIONS

[370]

quodque folum, certa nitri figna præbere, fed plura concurrere debere, ut de vero nitro producto dubium non relinquatur.

LII. An Essay towards solving a Problem in the Doctrine of Chances. By the late Rev. Mr. Bayes, F. R. S. communicated by Mr. Price, in a Letter to John Canton, A. M. F. R. S.

Dear Sir.

Read Dec. 25, I Now fend you an effay which I have 1763. I found among the papers of our deceased friend Mr. Bayes, and which, in my opinion, has great merit, and well deserves to be preserved. Experimental philosophy, you will find, is nearly interested in the subject of it; and on this account there seems to be particular reason for thinking that a communication of it to the Royal Society cannot be improper.

Froper.

He had, you know, the honour of being a member of that illustrious Society, and was much esteemed by many in it as a very able mathematician. In an introduction which he has writ to this Essay, he says, that his design at first in thinking on the subject of it was, to find out a method by which we might judge concerning the probability that an event has to happen, in given circumstances, upon supposition that we know nothing concerning it but that, under the same

circun

• Bayes' Rule allows us to compute the probability $P(Infection = true \mid Test = positive)$

$$P(H \mid E) = \frac{P(E \mid H)P(H)}{P(E)}$$



J. Bayes

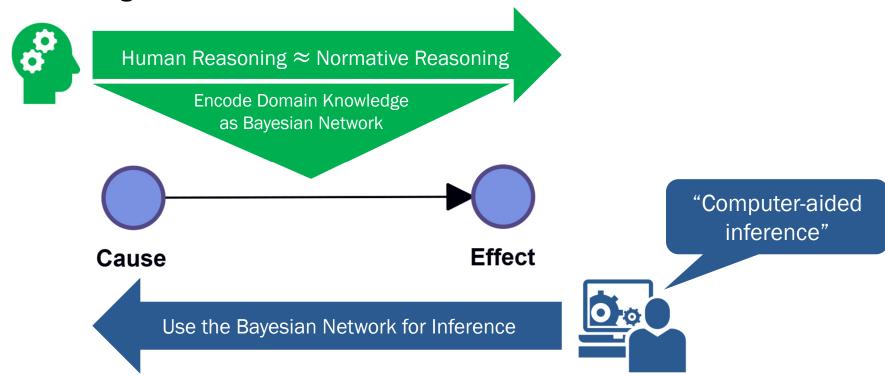
$$P(Infection = true \mid Test = positive) = \frac{P(Test = positive \mid Infection = true)P(Infection = true)}{P(Test = positive)} = P(Test = positive \mid Infection = true)P(Infection = true)$$

P(Test = positive | Infection = true)P(Infection = true) + P(Test = positive | Infection = false)P(Infection = false)

correct, but cumbersome, even in trivial cases.

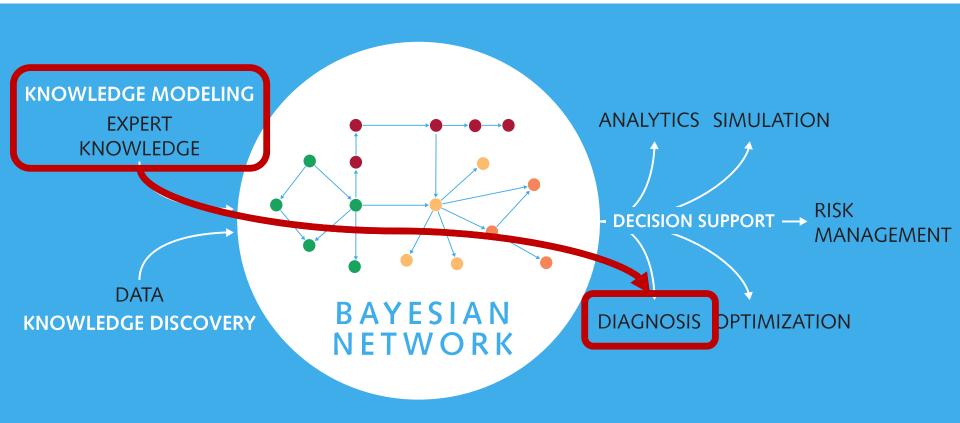
Bayesian Networks to the Rescue!

Overcoming our Limitations

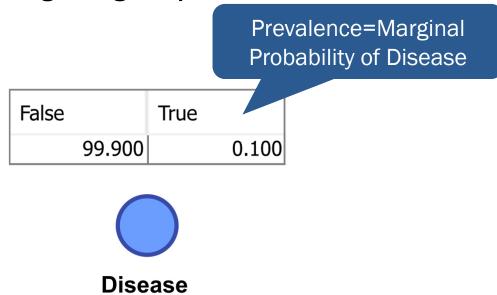


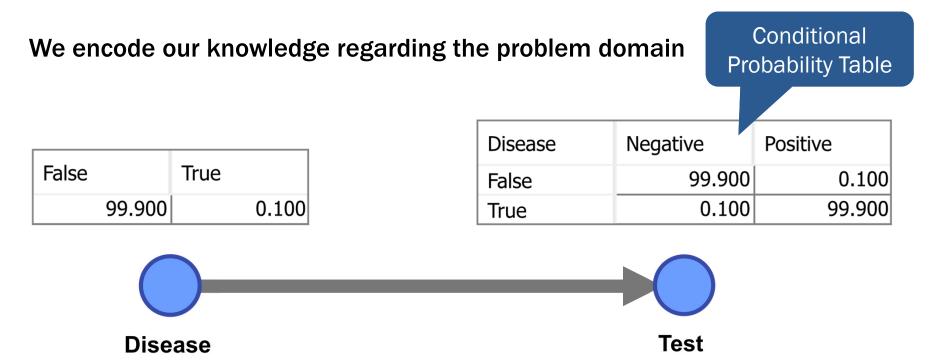


Bayesian Networks

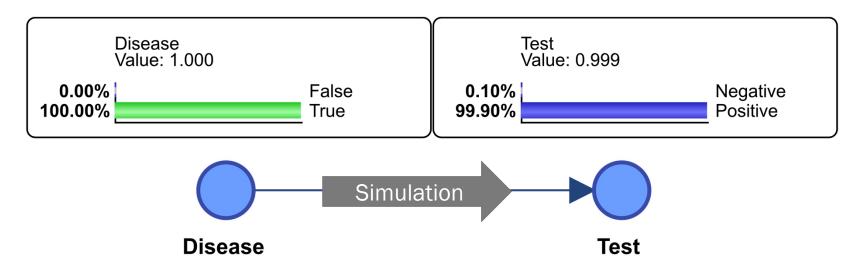


We encode our knowledge regarding the problem domain

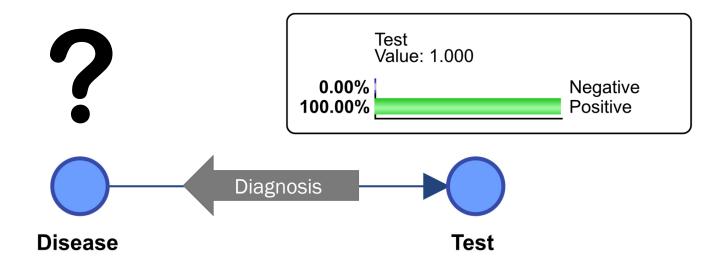




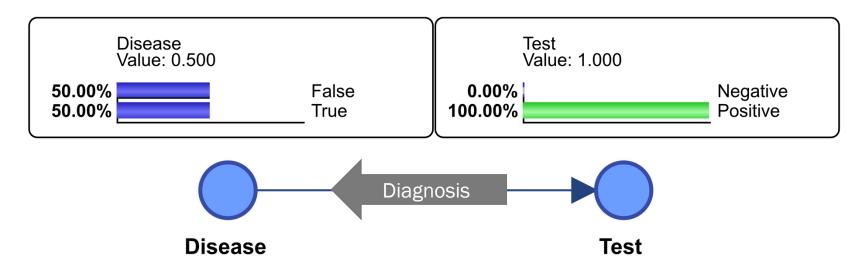
We use this Bayesian network to perform inference

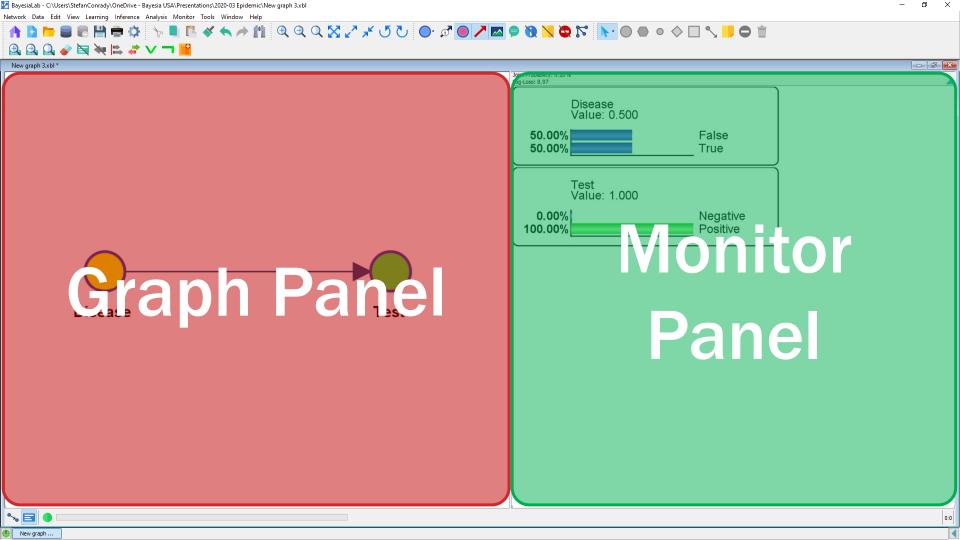


We use this Bayesian network to perform inference



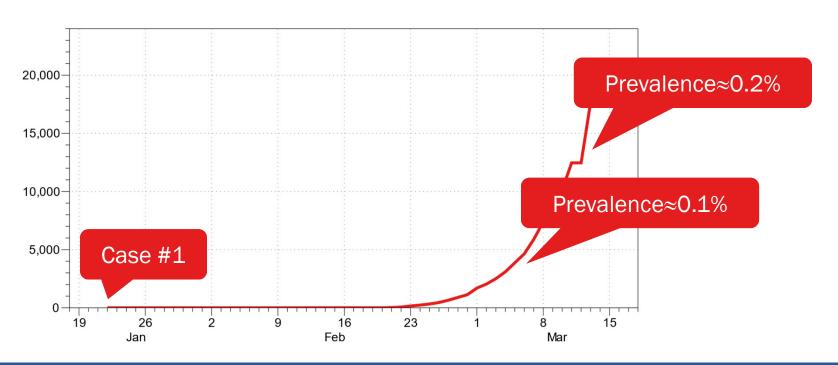
We use this Bayesian network to perform inference

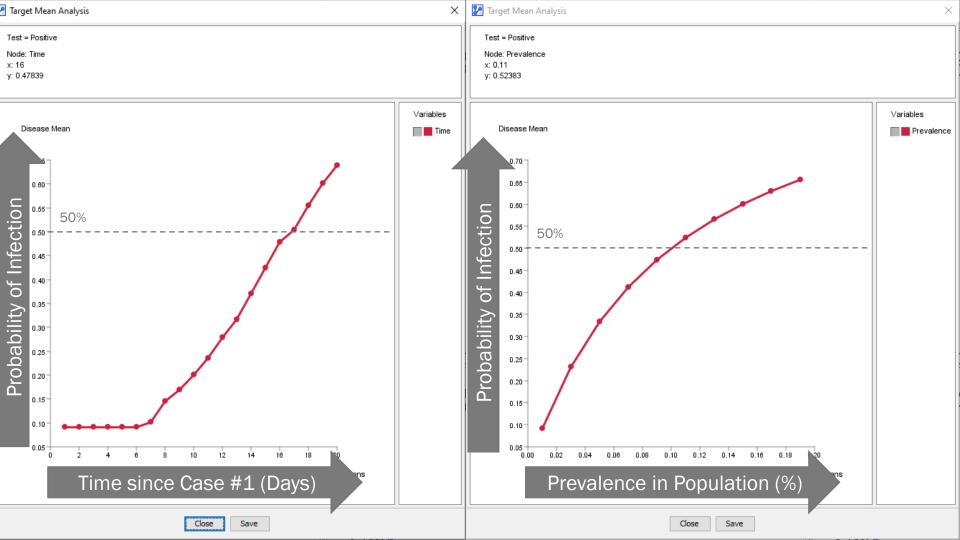


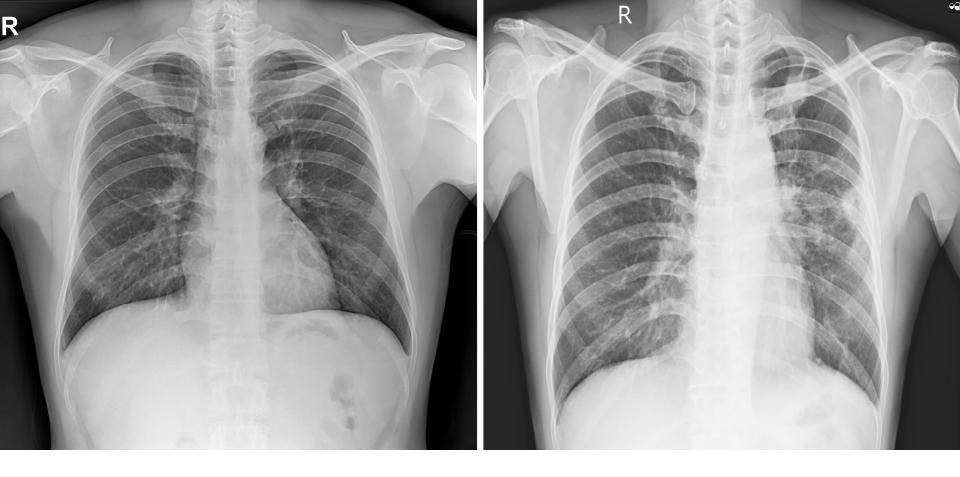




Infections Over Time







Differential Diagnosis of Lung Diseases





Example

- Decision support for the differential diagnosis of lung diseases that have common symptoms:
 - Bronchitis
 - Pneumonia
 - Tuberculosis
 - Lung Cancer



Case courtesy of Radswiki, Radiopaedia.org, rID: 12040



This is an inference task!

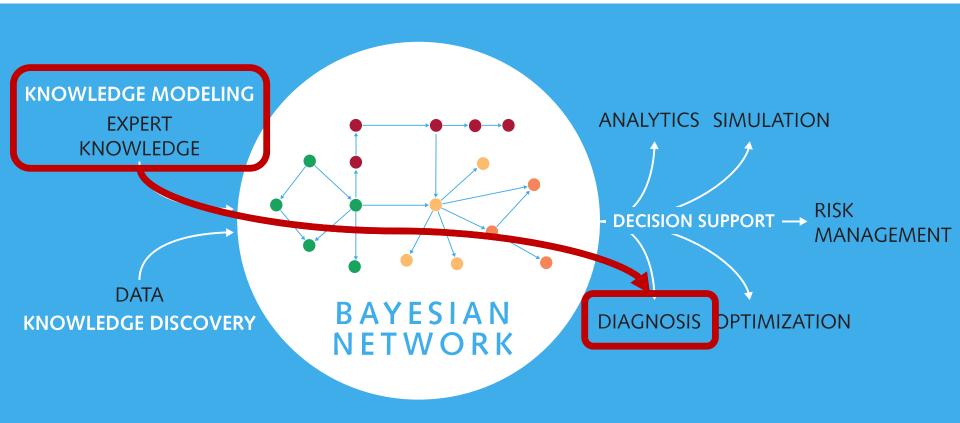
- P(Bronchitis | Symptom₁,..., Symptom_n, Risk Factor₁,..., Risk Factor_n)=?
- P(Pneumonia | Symptom₁,..., Symptom_n, Risk Factor₁,..., Risk Factor_n)=?

Probability of s | Symptom₁,..., Symptom_n, Risk Factor₁,..., Risk Factor_n)=?

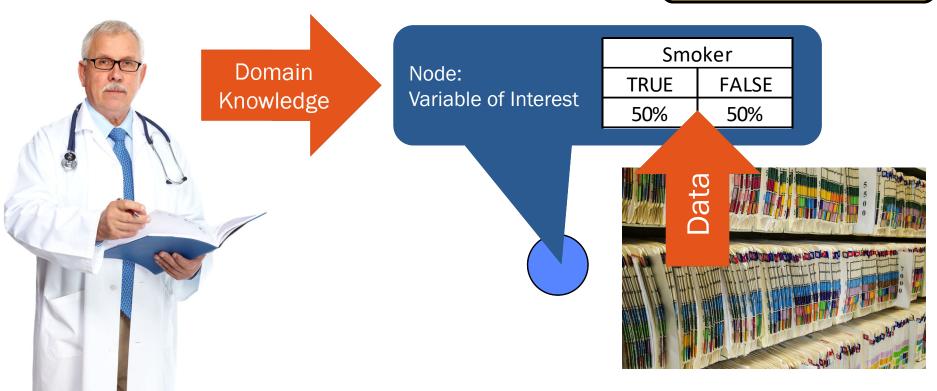
• P(Lung Cancer | Symptom₁,..., Symptom_n, Risk Factor₁,..., Risk Factor_n)=?

given

Bayesian Networks









Node: Variable of Interest

Lung Cancer		
TRUE	FALSE	
5.5%	94.5%	

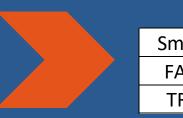






Conditional Probability Table

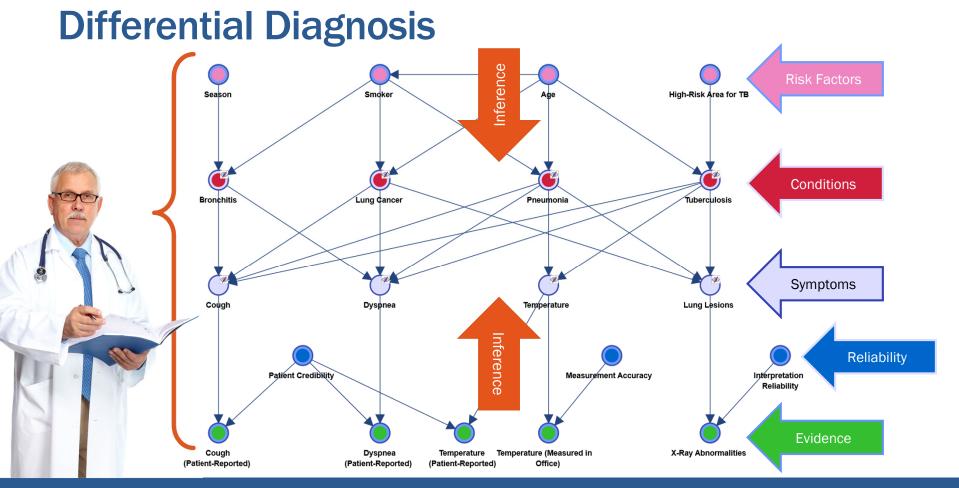
Discrete & Nonparametric Probabilistic Relationship P(Lung Cancer|Smoker)



	Lung Cancer	
Smoker	FALSE	TRUE
FALSE	99%	1%
TRUE	90%	10%

Smoker

Lung Cancer



Example of a Patient

- 19-year-old smoker
- No known comorbidities
- 1. Visit to general practitioner:
 - · Reports cough
 - Diagnosis: bronchitis
- 2. Visit to general practitioner, one week later:
 - Reports cough, fever, chest pain, and shortness of breath
 - X-Ray is positive for lung lesions
 - Diagnosis: pneumonia
 - Treatment: antibiotics



Fictional Scenario





Fictional Scenario

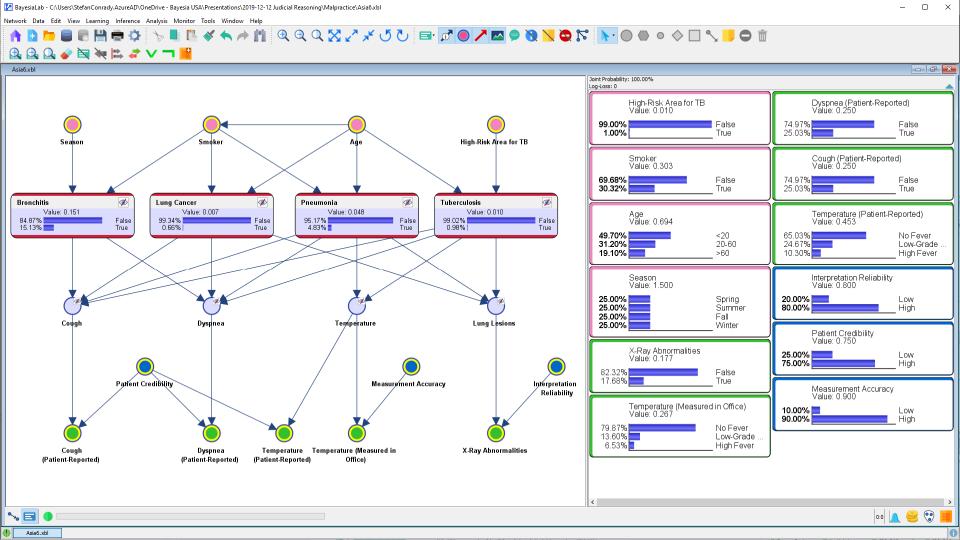
 Parents of deceased file lawsuit against treating physician claiming wrongful death as a result of negligence.

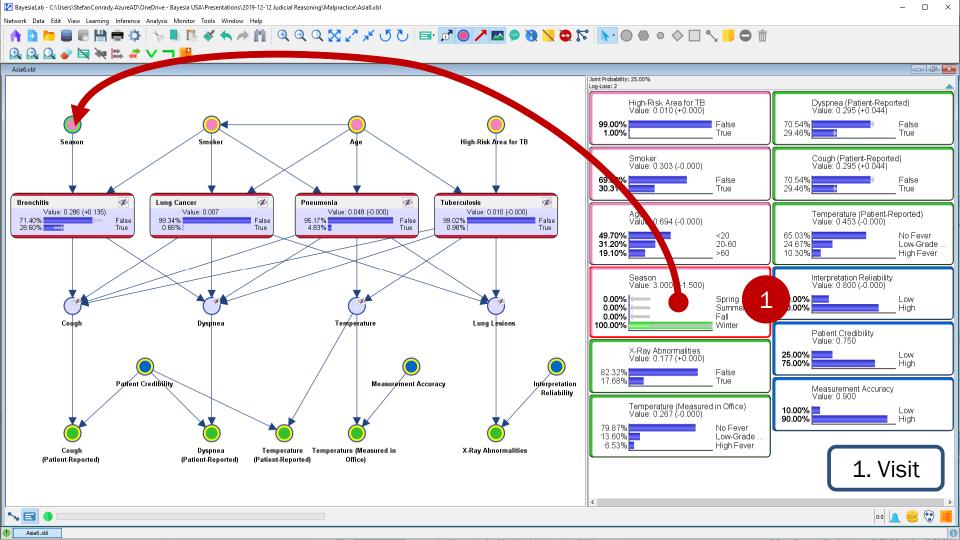
The plaintiff states that all common symptoms of tuberculosis were present in the patient, which the physician should have recognized.

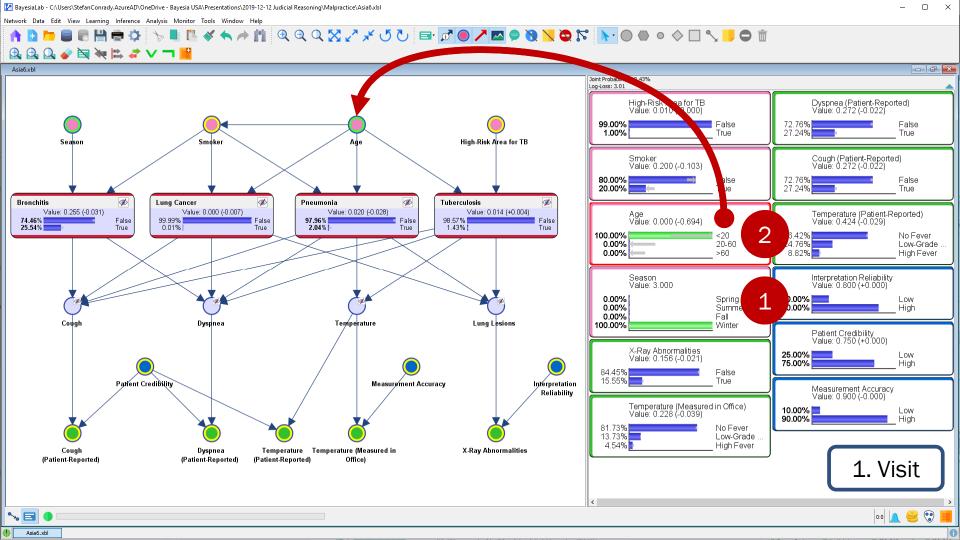


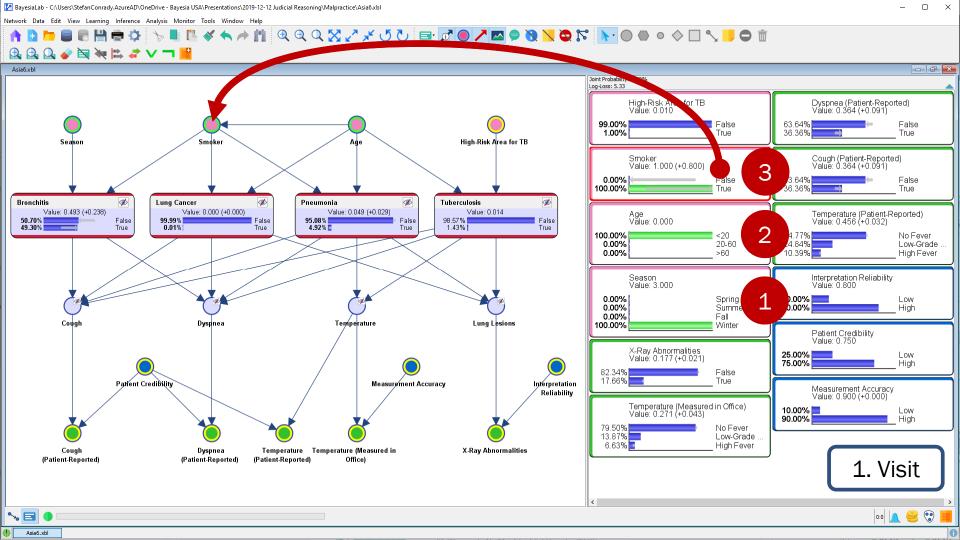
Replicating the Diagnosis Steps of First Visit

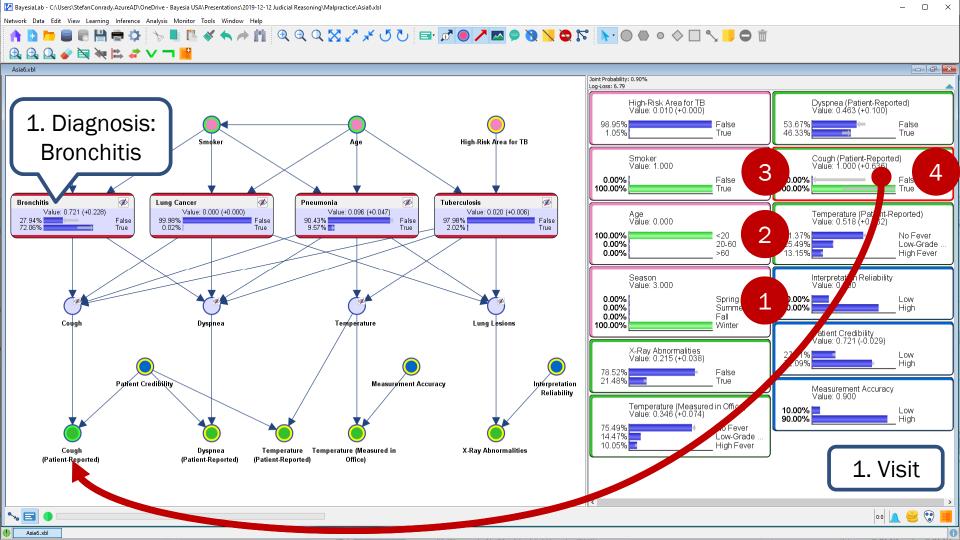
- Season=Winter
- Age<20
- Smoker=True
- Cough (Patient Report)=True
- Temperature (Patient Report)=Low-Grade Fever
- Temperature (Measured in Office)=No Fever
- Patient Credibility=Low



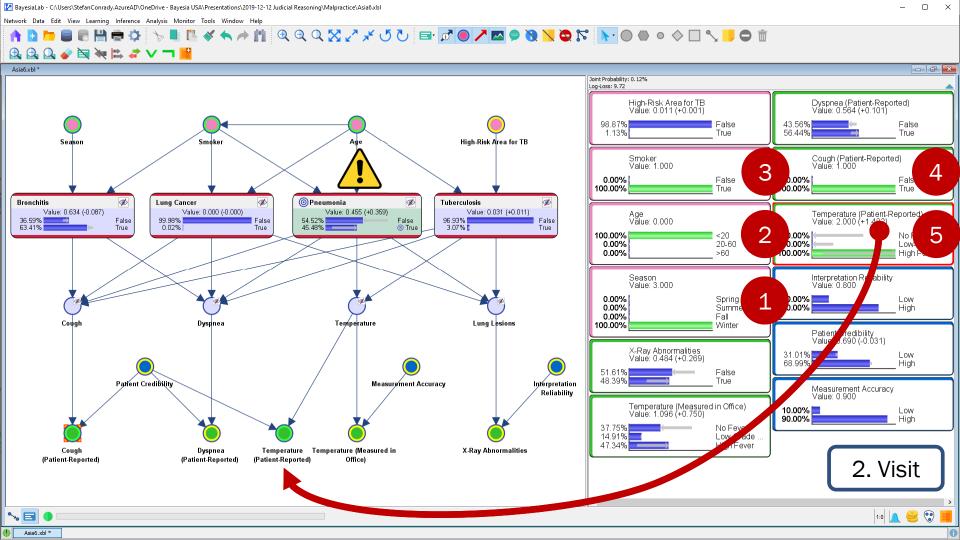


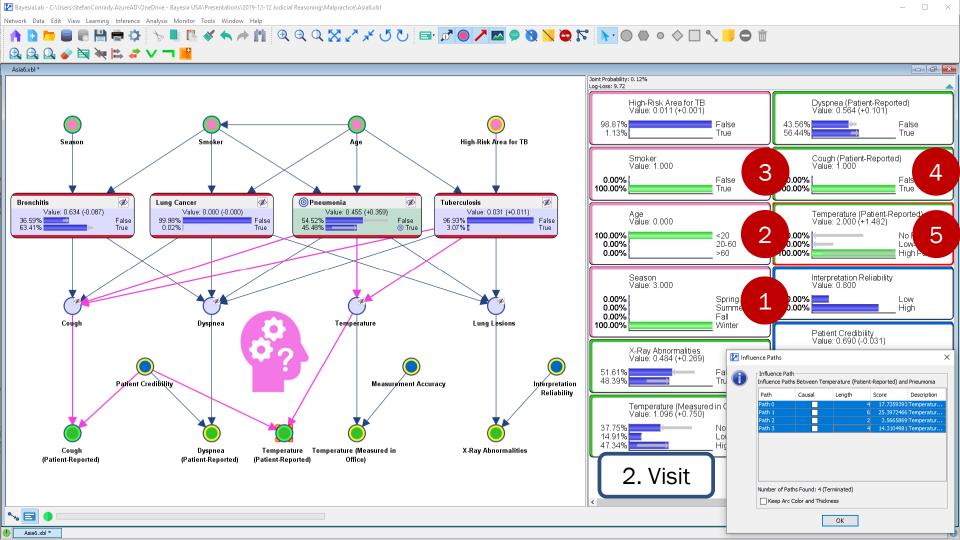


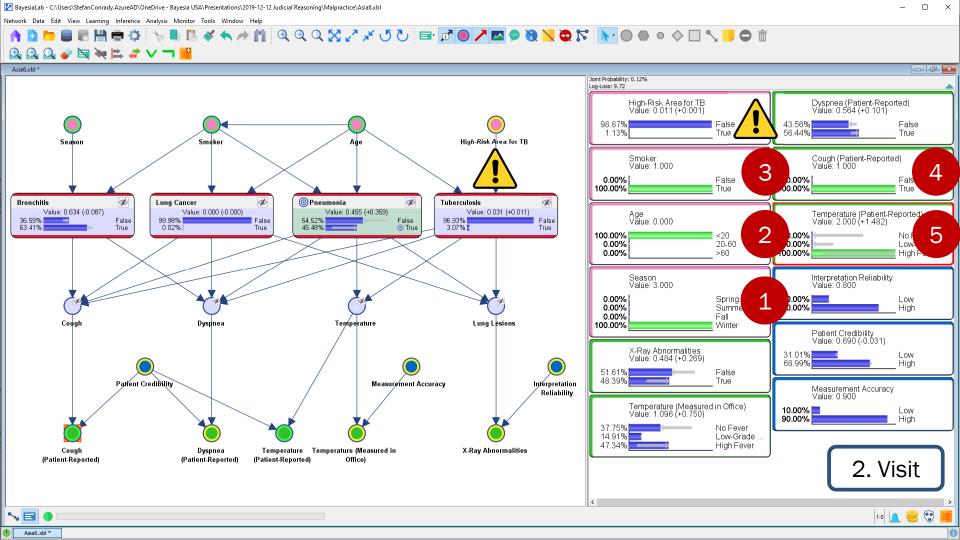


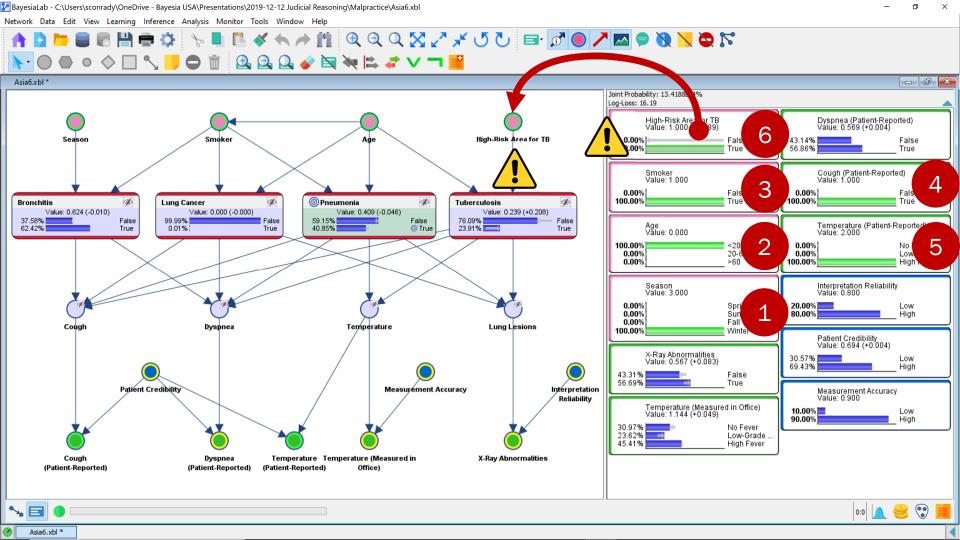




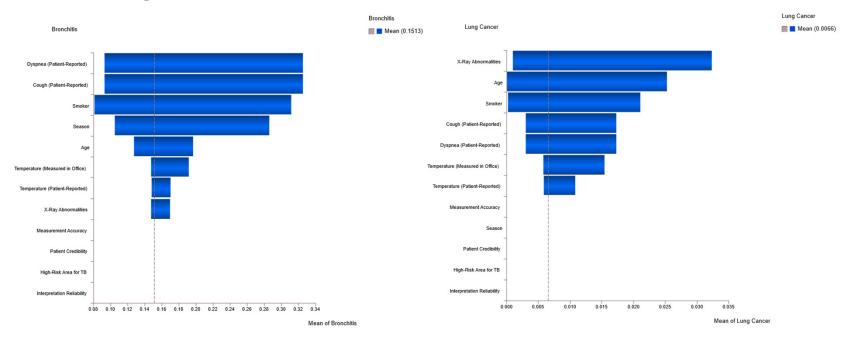




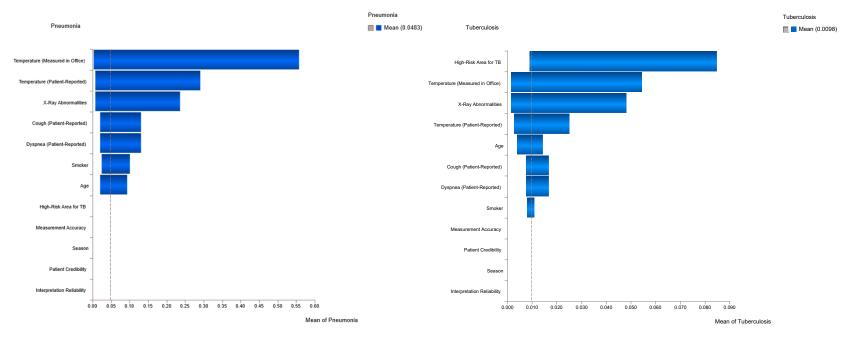




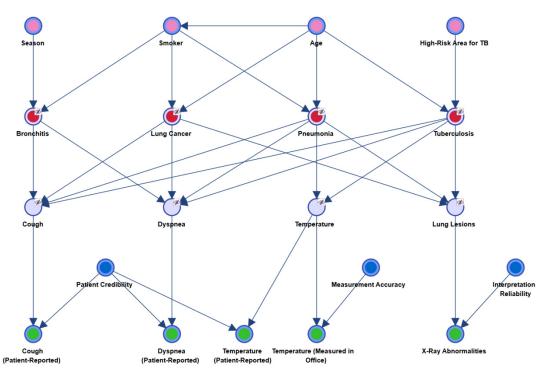
Tornado Diagrams



Tornado Diagrams



Bayesian Networks = Artificial Intelligence



Knowledge Base

- Declarative/Propositional
 Knowledge
- Associational Knowledge
- Causal Knowledge

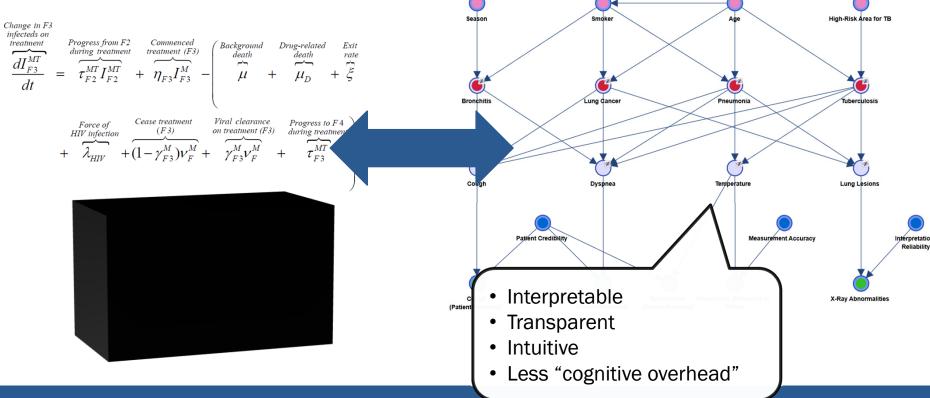
Inference Engine



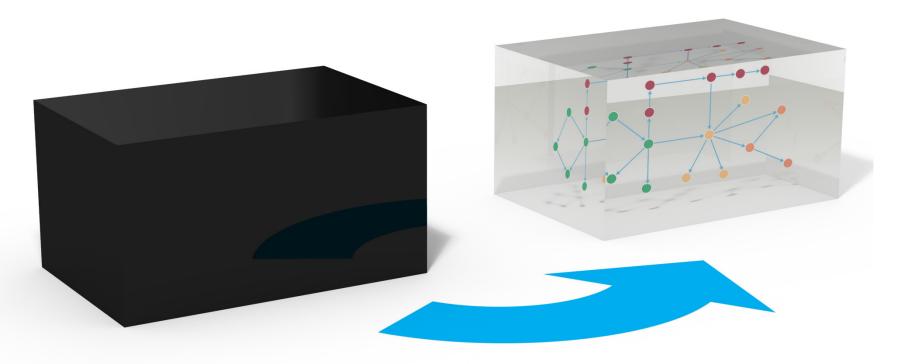
Expert System

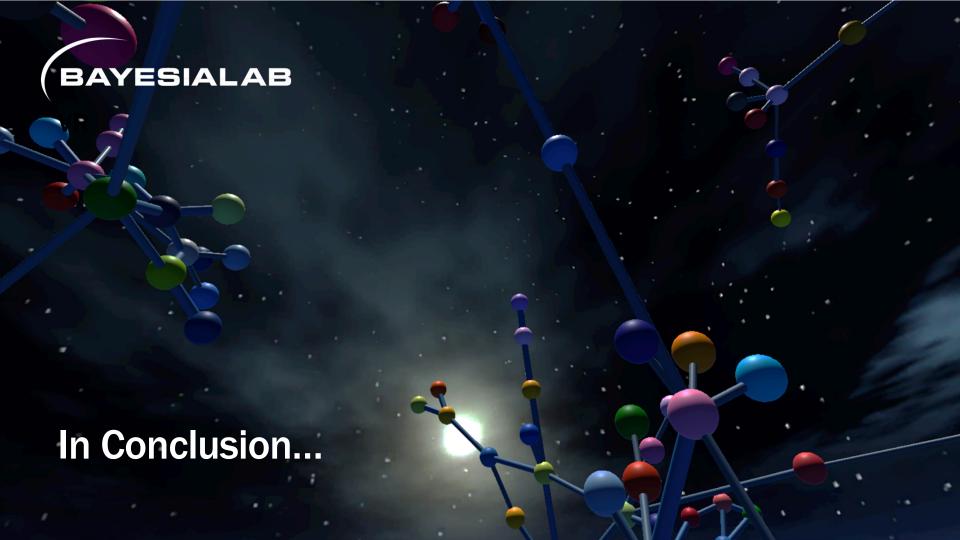
→ Artificial Intelligence

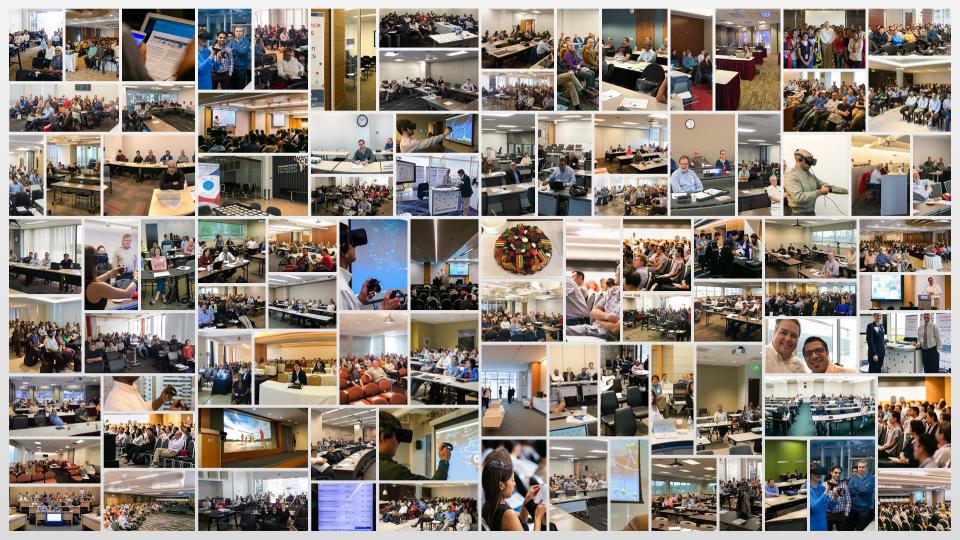
Bayesian Networks = Transparent Expert System

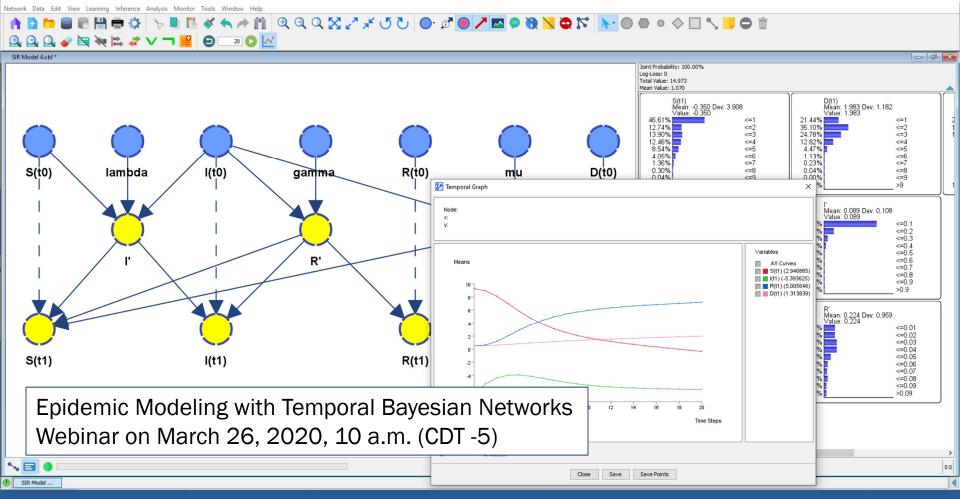


Bayesian Networks = Transparent Expert System









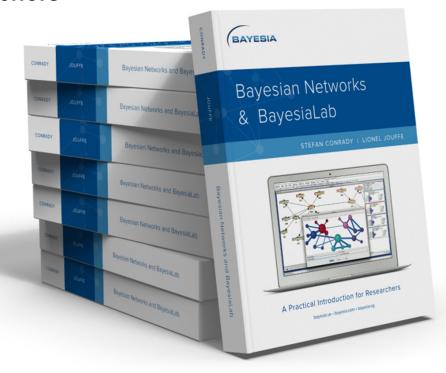


Bayesian Networks & BayesiaLab

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 http://amzn.com/0996533303





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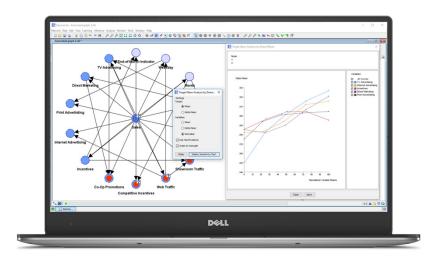
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8th Annual BayesiaLab Conference ON SCHEDULE





October 8-9, 2020

The Exchange Tower

Ivey Donald K. Johnson Centre

130 King Street West

Toronto, ON M5X 1K6, Canada

Registration is now open:

bayesia.com/bayesialab-conference-2020



Thank you and be safe!



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